# Sediments incorporated into sea ice: Implications for phytoplankton growth

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# Impacts of sediments in sea ice on Arctic marine ecosystems

Sediment-laden sea ice is a ubiquitous feature in the Arctic Ocean. This study presents implications of unique roles of sediments incorporated into sea ice on phytoplankton growth.

# **METHODS** Identifying sedimentassociated features of sea ice

Field measurement: Light transmittance of 10-cm sectioned ice cores and sediment loads of each subsection. **Incubation experiment**: Time series of chlorophyll-a fluorescence in seawaters with several sediment levels.

# **RESULTS Light transmittance** and chlorophyll-a fluorescence

We found a clear relationship between light transmittance and sediment loads. Chlorophyll-a time series showed sharp increases in samples with sediments, presumably suggesting positive impacts of sediments on phytoplankton growth.

# **IMPLICATIONS Consequences** on phytoplankton growth

Sediments incorporated into sea ice have both **positive/negative** impacts on phytoplankton growth in the Arctic; nutrients, vegetative/resting cells, and light attenuation.

# Sediment-laden sea ice is likely to have unique roles distinct from what we see in sediment-free clean sea ice



# **Does sediment-laden sea ice ...**



### Light transmittance

Ice-core samples collected on landfast sea ice near Point Barrow exhibited sediment loads ranging from 1.7 mg L<sup>-1</sup> to 209.2 mg L<sup>-1</sup>. Sediments incorporated into sea ice showed a significant impact on light transmittance of sea ice, suggesting a potential impact of sediment-laden sea ice on ice algal and phytoplankton growth in the Arctic.

Sediments collected from ice cores were incubated in artificial seawater. Since artificial seawater contains no organic materials, phytoplankton we explanation is that resting stages of germinated and resumed growth in response to environmental cues.

MODIS/Aqua true-color image around Point Barrow on July 24, 2006. Sediment-laden ice (grayish ice) is advected toward the east along the Alaska coast.



161°W

According to Waga et al. (2022), sedimentladen ice widely distributes across the Arctic Ocean, with maximum areal fractions of >80% on the shallow continental shelves.







### How sediment-laden ice looks like

158°W

155°W

### Satellite mapping of sediment-laden ice

Areal fraction of sediment-laden ice for June 2020 (%)

### Ask me a question

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